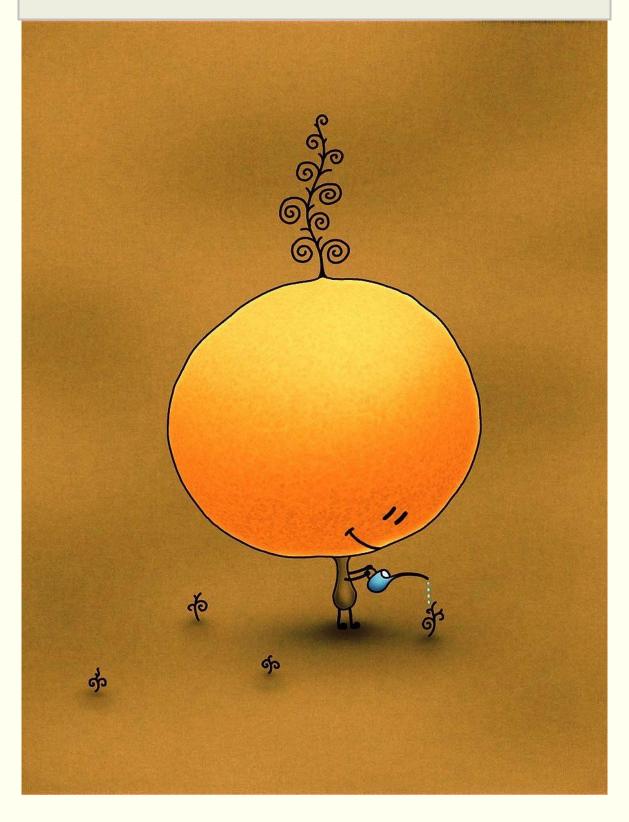
# Lord Chesterfield's Choice thoughts to his Son



#### Abstract and train of thoughts<sup>1</sup>

#### On becoming a man of the world and a gentleman.

#### On vice and virtue, haughtiness and humility.

Selections from our Down to Earth Series.	16
Suggested reading for students.	
Never seem wiser, nor more learned, than the people you are with.	15
Speak of the moderns without contempt, and of the ancients without idolatry.	14
Great learning without sound judgment carries us into pride and pedantry.	14



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 $<sup>^{</sup>f 1}$  Illustrations on front page and page 13, by Vlad.

# On becoming a man of the world and a gentleman.

The diffrence is as great between
The optics seeing as the objects seen.
All manners take a tincture from our own,
Or some discolour'd thro' our passions shown;
Or fancy's beam enlarges, multiplies,
Contracts, inverts, and gives ten thousand dyes.

— ALEXANDER POPE <sup>2</sup>

Three hundred and twenty excerpts from the letters written by the Right Honourable Philip Dormer Stanhope, Fourth Earl of Chesterfield (1694–1773) to his son, Philip Stanhope Esq., late envoy extraordinary at the court of Dresden: together with several other pieces on various subjects.

Lord Chesterfield's letters were first published in London by Eugenia Stanhope, 1774, in two volumes.

- 1 A little learning is a dangerous thing.
- 2 Above all things, avoid speaking of yourself.
- 3 Abstain from learned ostentation.
- 4 Advice is seldom welcome.
- 5 Always look people in the face when you speak to them.
- 6 Art of pleasing is the most necessary.
- 7 Assenting, but without being servile and abject.
- 8 Assertion instead of argument.
- **9** At the first impulse of passion, be silent till you can be soft.
- 10 Attention to the inside of books.
- 11 Avoid cacophony, and, what is very near as bad, monotony.
- 12 Avoid singularity.
- 13 Be neither transported nor depressed by the accidents of life.
- 14 Be silent till you can be soft.
- **15** Being intelligible is now no longer the fashion.
- 16 Better not to seem to understand, than to reply.
- 17 Better refuse a favour gracefully, than to grant it clumsily.
- 18 Blindness of the understanding is as much to be pitied.

Chesterfield's choice thoughts to his son v. 13.22, www.philaletheians.co.uk, 10 May 2023

Pope: Moral Essays, Ep. 1, lines 31-36

- 19 Cheerful in the countenance, but without laughing.
- 20 Chitchat, useful to keep off improper and too serious subjects.
- **21** Civility, which is a disposition to accommodate and oblige others.
- **22** Command of our temper, and of our countenance.
- 23 Common sense (which, in truth, very uncommon).
- 24 Company is, in truth, a constant state of negotiation.
- 25 Conceal all your learning carefully.
- **26** Conjectures pass upon us for truths.
- 27 Conjectures supply the defect of unattainable knowledge.
- 28 Connive at knaves, and tolerate fools.
- 29 Content yourself with mediocrity in nothing.
- **30** Conversation will help you almost as much as books.
- **31** Converse with his inferiors without insolence.
- 32 Deep learning is generally tainted with pedantry.
- 33 Deepest learning, without good breeding, is unwelcome.
- 34 Deserve a little, and you shall have but a little.
- **35** Dexterity enough to conceal a truth without telling a lie.
- **36** Dictate to them while you seem to be directed by them.
- 37 Difficulties seem to them, impossibilities.
- 38 Dignity to be kept up in pleasures, as well as in business.
- 39 Disagreeable things may be done so agreeably as almost to oblige.
- 40 Disagreeable to seem reserved, and very dangerous not to be so.
- **41** Dissimulation is only to hide our own cards.
- 42 Distinction between simulation and dissimulation.
- 43 Distinguish between the useful and the curious.
- 44 Do as you would be done by.
- 45 Do what you will but do something all day long.
- **46** Dress like the reasonable people of your own age.
- 47 Dress well, and not too well.
- 48 Ears to hear, but not sense enough to judge.
- 49 Easy without negligence.
- 50 Easy without too much familiarity.
- 51 Elegance in one language will reproduce itself in all.

- **52** Employ your whole time, which few people do.
- 53 Endeavour to hear, and know all opinions.
- **54** Endeavours to please and oblige our fellow creatures.
- **55** Enemies as if they may one day become one's friends.
- **56** Establishing a character of integrity and good manners.
- **57** Even where you are sure, seem rather doubtful.
- **58** Every man pretends to common sense.
- **59** Every virtue, has its kindred vice or weakness.
- **60** Everybody is good for something.
- **61** Everything has a better and a worse side.
- **62** Exalt the gentle in woman and man above the merely genteel.
- 63 Eyes and ears open and mouth mostly shut.
- 64 Few dare dissent from an established opinion.
- **65** Few people know how to love, or how to hate.
- 66 Few things which people in general know less, than how to love.
- 67 Fiddle-faddle stories, that carry no information along with them.
- **68** Flexibility of manners is necessary in the course of the world.
- **69** Fools never perceive where they are ill-timed.
- **70** Forgive, but not approve, the bad.
- **71** Fortune stoops to the forward and the bold.
- 72 Frank, open, and ingenuous exterior, with a prudent interior.
- **73** Frequently make friends of enemies, and enemies of friends.
- 74 Frivolous curiosity about trifles.
- **75** Frivolous, idle people, whose time hangs upon their own hands.
- **76** Gain the affections as well as the esteem.
- **77** Gain the heart, or you gain nothing.
- **78** Generosity often runs into profusion.
- **79** Genteel without affectation.
- 80 Gentleness of manners, with firmness of mind.
- **81** Geography and history are very imperfect separately.
- 82 Go to the bottom of things.
- 83 Good manners are the settled medium of social life.
- 84 Good reasons alleged are seldom the true ones.

- 85 Graces: Without us, all labour is vain.
- 86 Gratitude not being universal, nor even common.
- 87 Grave without the affectation of wisdom.
- 88 Great numbers of people met together, animate each other.
- 89 Greatest fools are the greatest liars.
- **90** Guard against those who make the most court to you.
- 91 Hardened to the wants and distresses of mankind.
- 92 Haste and hurry are very different things.
- 93 Have a will and an opinion of your own, and adhere to it.
- 94 Have but one set of jokes to live upon.
- 95 Have I employed my time, or have I squandered it?
- 96 Have no pleasures but your own.
- 97 Heart has such an influence over the understanding.
- 98 Herd of mankind can hardly be said to think.
- 99 Honest error is to be pitied, not ridiculed.
- 100 Honestest man loves himself best.
- 101 How much you have to do; and how little time to do it in.
- 102 Human nature is always the same.
- 103 Hurt those they love by a mistaken indulgence.
- 104 Idleness is only the refuge of weak minds.
- 105 If free from the guilt, be free from the suspicion, too.
- 106 If once we quarrel, I will never forgive.
- 107 If you will persuade, you must first please.
- 108 If you would convince others, seem open to conviction yourself.
- 109 Ignorant of their natural rights, cherished their chains.
- 110 Improve yourself with the old, divert yourself with the young.
- 111 Inaction at your age is unpardonable.
- 112 Inclined to be fat, but I hope you will decline it.
- 113 Incontinency of friendship among young fellows.
- 114 Infallibly to be gained by every sort of flattery.
- 115 Information implies our previous ignorance; it must be sweetened.
- 116 Information is, in a certain degree, mortifying.
- 117 Injury is much sooner forgotten than an insult.

- 118 Insinuates himself only into the esteem of fools.
- 119 Insipid in his pleasures, as inefficient in everything else.
- 120 Insist upon your neither piping nor fiddling yourself.
- 121 It is a real inconvenience to anybody to be fat.
- Judge of every man's truth by his degree of understanding.
- Judge them all by their merits, but not by their ages.
- 124 Judges from the appearances of things, and not from the reality.
- 125 Keep good company, and company above yourself.
- 126 Keep your own temper and artfully warm other people's.
- 127 Know the true value of time.
- 128 Knowing how much you have, and how little you want.
- 129 Knowledge of a scholar with the manners of a courtier.
- 130 Knowledge: either despise it, or think that they have enough.
- 131 Knows what things are little, and what not.
- Labour is the unavoidable fatigue of a necessary journey.
- 133 Last beautiful varnish, which raises the colours.
- 134 Laughing, I must particularly warn you against it.
- Lay down a method for everything, and stick to it inviolably.
- 136 Learn to keep your own secrets.
- 137 Learn, if you can, the why and the wherefore.
- 138 Led, much oftener by little things than by great ones.
- Less one has to do, the less time one finds to do it in.
- 140 Let blockheads read what blockheads wrote.
- **141** Let me see more of you in your letters.
- 142 Let nobody discover that you do know your own value.
- 143 Let nothing pass till you understand it.
- 144 Let them quietly enjoy their errors in taste.
- Life of ignorance is not only a very contemptible, but tiresome.
- 146 Listlessness and indolence are always blameable.
- 147 Little minds mistake little objects for great ones.
- 148 Loud laughter is the mirth of the mob.
- 149 Love with him, who they think is the most in love with them.
- Loved without being despised, and feared without being hated.

- **151** Low buffoonery, or silly accidents, that always excite laughter.
- Low company, most falsely and impudently, call pleasure.
- 153 Make a great difference between companions and friends.
- Make himself whatever he pleases, except a good poet.
- 155 Man is dishonoured by not resenting an affront.
- 156 Man of sense may be in haste, but can never be in a hurry.
- 157 Man or woman cannot resist an engaging exterior.
- 158 Man who is only good on holydays is good for very little.
- 159 Manner is full as important as the matter.
- 160 Manner of doing things is often more important.
- 161 Manners must adorn knowledge.
- 162 Many are very willing, and very few able.
- 163 Many things which seem extremely probable are not true.
- 164 Mastery of one's temper.
- 165 May not forget with ease what you have with difficulty learned.
- May you live as long as you are fit to live, but no longer!.
- 167 May you rather die before you cease to be fit to live.
- 168 Merit and good breeding will make their way everywhere.
- 169 Mitigating, engaging words do by no means weaken your argument.
- 170 Moderation with your enemies.
- 171 Modesty is the only sure bait when you angle for praise.
- 172 Money, the cause of much mischief.
- 173 More one sees, the less one either wonders or admires.
- More one works, the more willing one is to work.
- 175 More people have ears to be tickled, than understandings to judge.
- 176 More you know, the modester you should be.
- 177 Mortifying inferiority in knowledge, rank, fortune.
- 178 Most ignorant are, as usual, the boldest conjecturers.
- 179 Most long talkers single out some one unfortunate man in company.
- 180 Most people enjoy the inferiority of their best friends.
- 181 Most people have ears, but few have judgment; tickle those ears.
- 182 Much sooner forgive an injustice than an insult.
- 183 My own health varies, as usual, but never deviates into good.

- 184 Name that we leave behind at one place often gets before us.
- 185 National honour and interest have been sacrificed to private.
- 186 Neglect them in little things, they will leave you in great.
- 187 Neither abilities or words enough to call a coach.
- 188 Neither retail nor receive scandal willingly.
- 189 Never affect the character in which you have a mind to shine.
- 190 Never implicitly adopt a character upon common fame.
- 191 Never maintain an argument with heat and clamour.
- 192 Never quit a subject till you are thoroughly master of it.
- 193 Never read history without having maps.
- 194 Never saw a froward child mended by whipping.
- 195 Never seek for wit; if it presents itself, well and good.
- 196 Never seem wiser, nor more learned, than the people you are with.
- 197 Never slattern away one minute in idleness.
- 198 Never to speak of yourself at all.
- 199 Never to trust implicitly to the informations of others.
- 200 No great regard for human testimony.
- 201 No man is distrait with the man he fears, or the woman he loves.
- 202 No one feels pleasure, who does not at the same time give it.
- 203 Not make their want still worse by grieving and regretting them.
- Not one minute of the day in which you do nothing at all.
- 205 Not only pure, but, like Cæsar's wife, unsuspected.
- 206 Not to admire anything too much.
- 207 Not tumble, but slide gently to the bottom of the hill of life.
- 208 Nothing much worth either desiring or fearing.
- 209 Nothing so precious as time, and so irrecoverable when lost.
- 210 Observe, without being thought an observer.
- 211 Often more necessary to conceal contempt than resentment.
- 212 Often necessary to seem ignorant of what one knows.
- 213 Often necessary, not to manifest all one feels.
- 214 Oftener led by their hearts than by their understandings.
- 215 One must often yield, in order to prevail.
- 216 Only doing one thing at a time.

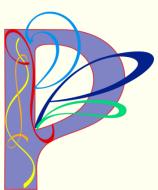
- 217 Our frivolous dissertations upon the weather, or upon whist.
- 218 Outward air of modesty to all he does.
- 219 Overvalue what we do not know.
- 220 Patience is the only way not to make bad worse.
- 221 Pay them with compliments, but not with confidence.
- Pay your own reckoning, but do not treat the whole company.
- 223 People angling for praise.
- People hate those who make them feel their own inferiority.
- 225 People lose a great deal of time by reading.
- People never desire all till they have gotten a great deal.
- People will repay, and with interest too, inattention.
- 228 Perfection of everything that is worth doing at all.
- 229 Perseverance has surprising effects.
- 230 Pettish, pouting conduct is a great deal too young.
- 231 Planted while young, that degree of knowledge now my refuge.
- 232 Please all who are worth pleasing; offend none.
- 233 Pleasing in company is the only way of being pleased in yourself.
- 234 Pleasure is necessarily reciprocal.
- 235 Pleasure is the rock which most young people split upon.
- 236 Pleasures do not commonly last so long as life.
- 237 Pocket all your knowledge with your watch.
- 238 Polite, but without the troublesome forms and stiffness.
- 239 Prefer useful to frivolous conversations.
- 240 Prejudices are our mistresses.
- 241 Pride of being the first of the company.
- 242 Quietly cherished error, instead of seeking for truth.
- 243 Read with caution and distrust.
- 244 Real friendship is a slow grower.
- 245 Reason, which always ought to direct mankind, seldom does.
- 246 Receive them with great civility, but with great incredulity.
- 247 Recommend (pleasure) to you, like an Epicurean.
- 248 Represent, but do not pronounce.
- 249 Reserve with your friends.

- **250** Respect without timidity.
- 251 Respectful without meanness, easy without too much familiarity.
- 252 Rough corners which mere nature has given to the smoothest.
- 253 Ruined their own son by what they called loving him.
- 254 Same coolness and unconcern in any and every company.
- 255 Scarce any flattery is too gross for them to swallow.
- 256 Scarcely anybody who is absolutely good for nothing.
- 257 Secret, without being dark and mysterious.
- 258 See what you see, and to hear what you hear.
- 259 Seeming frankness with a real reserve.
- 260 Seeming openness is prudent.
- **261** Seldom a misfortune to be childless.
- 262 Self-love draws a thick veil between us and our faults.
- 263 Sentiments that were never felt, pompously described.
- 264 Serious without being dull.
- 265 Silence in love betrays more woe.
- **266** Singularity is only pardonable in old age.
- 267 Six, or at most seven hours sleep.
- 268 Some complaisance and attention to fools is prudent.
- 269 Something must be said, but that something must be nothing.
- 270 Sooner forgive an injury than an insult.
- 271 Spare the persons while you lash the crimes.
- 272 Steady assurance, with seeming modesty.
- 273 Take characters, as they do most things, upon trust.
- 274 Take nothing for granted, upon the bare authority of the author.
- 275 Take, rather than give, the tone of the company you are in.
- 276 Talent of hating with good breeding and loving with prudence.
- 277 Talk often, but never long.
- 278 Tell me whom you live with, and I will tell you who you are.
- 279 Tell stories very seldom.
- 280 The best have something bad, and something little.
- **281** The longest life is too short for knowledge.
- 282 The present moments are the only ones we are sure of.

- 283 The worst have something good, and sometimes something great.
- 284 There are many avenues to every man.
- 285 Thin veil of Modesty drawn before Vanity.
- 286 Think to atone by zeal for their want of merit and importance.
- 287 Think yourself less well than you are, in order to be quite so.
- 288 To be heard with success, you must be heard with pleasure.
- 289 To govern mankind, one must not overrate them.
- 290 To know people's real sentiments, I trust much more to my eyes.
- 291 Trite jokes and loud laughter reduce him to a buffoon.
- 292 Truth leaves no room for compliments.
- 293 Truth, but not the whole truth, must be the invariable principle.
- 294 Unaffected silence upon that subject is the only true medium.
- **295** Unguarded frankness.
- 296 Unintelligible to his readers, and sometimes to himself.
- 297 Use palliatives when you contradict.
- 298 Useful sometimes to see the things which one ought to avoid.
- 299 Vanity, interest, and absurdity, always display.
- **300** Vanity, that source of many of our follies.
- **301** Warm and young thanks, not old and cold ones.
- **302** We have many of those useful prejudices in this country.
- 303 We love to be pleased better than to be informed.
- 304 We shall be feared, if we do not show that we fear.
- **305** Well dressed, not finely dressed.
- 306 What have I done today?
- 307 What pleases you in others, will in general please them in you.
- 308 Whatever is worth doing at all, is worth doing well.
- 309 Whatever real merit you have, other people will discover.
- 310 Where one would gain people, remember that nothing is little.
- 311 Wish you, my dear friend, as many happy new years as you deserve.
- 312 Wit may create many admirers but makes few friends.
- **313** Witty without satire or commonplace.
- **314** Words are the dress of thoughts.
- 315 Wrapped up and absorbed in their abstruse speculations.

- Wrongs are often forgiven; but contempt never is.
- 317 You had much better hold your tongue than them.
- 318 You must be respectable, if you will be respected.
- 319 Young people are very apt to overrate both men and things.
- 320 Your merit and your manners can alone raise you.





# On vice and virtue, haughtiness and humility.

Selections from Letter XXX, written by the Right Honourable Philip Dormer Stanhope, Fourth Earl of Chesterfield (1694–1773) to his son, Philip Stanhope Esq. Title and headings by ED. PHIL.



## Great learning without sound judgment carries us into pride and pedantry.

Dear Boy,

Every excellency, and every virtue, has its kindred vice or weakness; and if carried beyond certain bounds, sinks into one or the other. Generosity often runs into profusion, economy into avarice, courage into rashness, caution into timidity, and so on; — insomuch that, I believe, there is more judgment required for the proper conduct of our virtues, than for avoiding their opposite vices. Vice, in its true light, is so deformed, that it shocks us at first sight; and would hardly ever seduce us, if it did not, at first, wear the mask of some virtue. But virtue is, in itself, so beautiful, that it charms us at first sight; engages us more and more upon further acquaintance, and, as with other beauties, we think excess impossible; it is here that judgment is necessary, to moderate and direct the effects of an excellent cause. I shall apply this reasoning, at present, not to any particular virtue, but to an excellency, which, for want of judgment, is often the cause of ridiculous and blameable effects; I mean, great learning — which, if not accompanied with sound judgment, frequently carries us into error, pride, and pedantry. As, I hope, you will possess that excellency in its utmost extent, and yet without its too common failings, the hints, which my experience can suggest, may probably not be useless to you.

Some learned men, proud of their knowledge, only speak to decide, and give judgment without appeal; the consequence of which is, that mankind, provoked by the insult, and injured by the oppression, revolt; and, in order to shake off the tyranny, even call the lawful authority in question. The more you know, the modester you should be: and (by the bye) that modesty is the surest way of gratifying your vanity. Even where you are sure, seem rather doubtful; represent, but do not pronounce; and, if you would convince others, seem open to conviction yourself.

## Speak of the moderns without contempt, and of the ancients without idolatry.

Others, to show their learning, or often from the prejudices of a school education, where they hear of nothing else, are always talking of the Ancients as something more than men, and of the Moderns, as something less. They are never without a

#### DOWN TO EARTH SERIES ON VICE AND VIRTUE, HAUGHTINESS AND HUMILITY

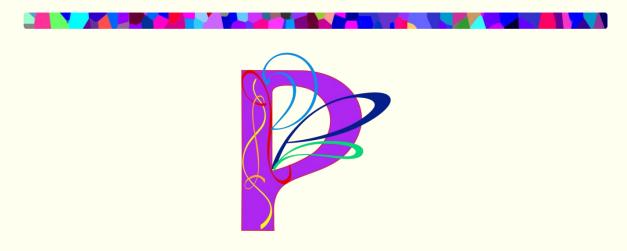
classic or two in their pockets; they stick to the old good sense; they read none of the modern trash; and will show you, plainly, that no improvement has been made, in any one art or science, these last seventeen hundred years. I would by no means have you disown your acquaintance with the ancients, but still less would I have you brag of an exclusive intimacy with them. Speak of the moderns without contempt, and of the ancients without idolatry; judge them all by their merits, but not by their age; and if you happen to have an Elzevir classic in your pocket neither show it nor mention it.



### Never seem wiser, nor more learned, than the people you are with.

There is another species of learned men, who, though less dogmatical and supercilious, are not less impertinent. These are the communicative and shining pedants, who adorn their conversation, even with women, by happy quotations of Greek and Latin; and who have contracted such a familiarity with the Greek and Roman authors, that they, call them by certain names or epithets denoting intimacy. As old Homer; that sly rogue Horace; Maro, instead of Virgil; and Naso, Instead of Ovid. These are often imitated by coxcombs, who have no learning at all, but who have got some names and some scraps of ancient authors by heart, which they improperly and impertinently retail in all companies, in hopes of passing for scholars. If, therefore, you would avoid the accusation of pedantry on one hand, or the suspicion of ignorance on the other, abstain from learned ostentation. Speak the language of the company that you are in; speak it purely, and unlarded with any other. Never seem wiser, nor more learned, than the people you are with. Wear your learning, like your watch, in a private pocket; and do not pull it out and strike it merely to show that you have one. If you are asked what o'clock it is, tell it; but do not proclaim it hourly and unasked, like the watchman.

Bath, 22<sup>nd</sup> February O.S. 1748



#### Suggested reading for students.



#### Selections from our Down to Earth Series.1

- A BALANCED VIEW OF THE MOTIVES BEHIND DIETARY PREFERENCES
- A DABBLER IN OCCULTISM EXPOSED
- A DIRE PROPHECY ABOUT EGYPT
- A RICH LIFE, WITHOUT THE TRAPPINGS OF MAMMON
- ALLOPATHS PERSECUTING HOMEOPATHS
- AMAZING STORIES, DISCOUNTED BY THE SCIENTIST AND THE RELIGIOUS BIGOT
- ARYAN MUSIC
- BLAVATSKY ON HOW TO EDUCATE CHILDREN
- BLAVATSKY ON THE MATERIALISM OF TODAY
- BORN ATHEIST, BURIED CHRISTIAN
- BROTHERHOOD RANKS ABOVE MEDITATION
- CAN EATING ANIMAL FLESH EVER BE ETHICAL
- CHILDREN TRAINING THEMSELVES FOR MURDER
- CICERO'S TUSCULAN DISPUTATIONS TR. YONGE
- CIVILIZATION, THE DEATH OF ART AND BEAUTY
- COCK, A VERY OCCULT BIRD
- COMPETITION RAGES MOST FIERCELY IN CHRISTIAN LANDS
- CRUELTY IN THE BIRCH GROVE
- DAZZLED GLIMPSES INTO THE ASTRAL LIGHT
- EARTHQUAKES ARE THE OUTCOME OF SINS COMMITTED BY MEN
- ENGLISH NEWSPAPER SLANDERS RUSSIAN LADY
- EVERYONE AND EVERYTHING IS INTERRELATED
- FLESH-EATING AMONG BUDDHIST MONKS
- FOUL CONSPIRACIES AND BLATANT LIES LEVELLED AGAINST MADAME BLAVATSKY

Also consult "Humility is no virtue," in our Buddhas and Initiates Series. — ED. PHIL.

#### DOWN TO EARTH SERIES SUGGESTED READING FOR STUDENTS

- GORDON ON FAME, THAT COY GODDESS
- GRS MEAD SHOWS HIS TRUE COLOURS
- HIEROCLES EXALTS WEDLOCK
- HOW A DEVIL'S IMP REDEEMED HIS LOAF
- HOW TO CONDUCT OURSELVES TOWARDS OUR PARENTS
- IDOLATRY AND ZOOLATRY
- INSIGHTS TO EMOTION IN ART
- JUDICIAL PROCESSES AND PUNISHMENT IN CLASSICAL INDIA
- LÉVI ON THE TWO OPPOSING FORCES TR. WAITE
- LÉVI WARNS THE IMPUDENT TR. WAITE
- MEDITATION PROPER IS SPIRITUAL SEERSHIP
- MIRACLES ARE NATURAL PHENOMENA
- MODERN INDIA IS SPIRITUALLY DEGRADED
- MUSINGS OF AN UNPOPULAR PHILOSOPHER
- NARCISSISM AND ANIMAL SENSUALISM PERSONIFIED
- OCCULT PROPHECIES
- OCCULT TALES BY JUDGE
- ONIONS WERE CONSIDERED TOO SACRED TO BE EATEN
- OXFORD DON PROFANES VEDIC HYMN
- PLUTARCH ON THE TRANQUILLITY OF THE MIND TR. MORGAN
- PLUTARCH ON WHETHER WATER OR LAND ANIMALS ARE THE MOST CRAFTY
- PLUTARCH ON WHY EATING ANIMALS IS REPULSIVE TR. BAXTER
- POVERTY BREEDS GENEROSITY, WEALTH GREED AND SELFISHNESS
- PROMETHEUS, THE LIGHT-BRINGER, HURLED DOWN TO THE BOWELS OF THE EARTH
- PYTHAGORAS' BAN OF BEANS
- REFRAIN FROM THE MANIA OF CELEBRATING PERSONALITIES
- RHOADES ON TRAINING THE IMAGINATION
- RUSKIN'S SESAME AND LILIES
- RUSSIAN VANDALISM OF PERSIAN ZOROASTRIANISM
- SAPPHIRE BLUE, THE MOST ELECTRIC OF ALL COLOURS
- SIXTEEN CAUTIONS IN PARAGRAPHS BY JUDGE
- SOCIAL ETHICS OF NINETEENTH CENTURY RUSSIA
- SPECULATIVE LUCUBRATIONS OF AN ARISTOTELEAN PHILOSOPHER

#### DOWN TO EARTH SERIES SUGGESTED READING FOR STUDENTS

- SPIRITUAL RULES AND PROTREPTICS
- TAYLOR'S VINDICATION OF THE RIGHTS OF BRUTES
- TEN INJUNCTIONS FOR THEOSOPHISTS BY JUDGE
- TERENCE ON LENIENCE
- THE BIRTHMARK BY NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE
- THE FEAR OF NUMBER THIRTEEN
- THE HOLLOW EARTH
- THE JAPANESE SHOULD NOT BOW DOWN TO CHRISTIAN ETHICS
- THE LEARNED TREE OF TIBET
- THE OCCULT CAUSES OF EPIDEMIC DISEASES
- THE PERNICIOUS INFLUENCE OF THE MOON
- THE RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL IS NEITHER RELIGIOUS NOR PHILOSOPHICAL
- THE RUSSIAN MOTE AND THE BRITISH BEAM
- THE SEWER OF DOGMATIC CREEDS AND BLIND FAITH
- THE SPARKLE OF "LIGHT ON THE PATH" HAS BEEN DIMMED BY A DARK STAIN
- THE SPIRIT OF LIFE ISSUES FROM THE EARTH'S NORTH POLE
- THE TWELVE TRIBES OF ISRAEL NEVER EXISTED
- THE UNGRATEFUL MAN
- THE VELVETEEN RABBIT
- TRUTH IS EXILED FROM THE PRESS BECAUSE IT IS NOT AS BEGUILING AS FALSE-HOOD
- VIRGIL'S GEORGICS TR. RHOADES
- WESTERN RELIGION ALONE IS TO BLAME FOR THE CRUELTY TO ANIMALS
- WHAT IS MUSIC BY RICE
- WHEN THE DOORS OF THE WORLD CLOSED ON THEM
- WHY DO ANIMALS SUFFER
- WHY THE HOLLOW MEN PRIZE THEIR VICE

