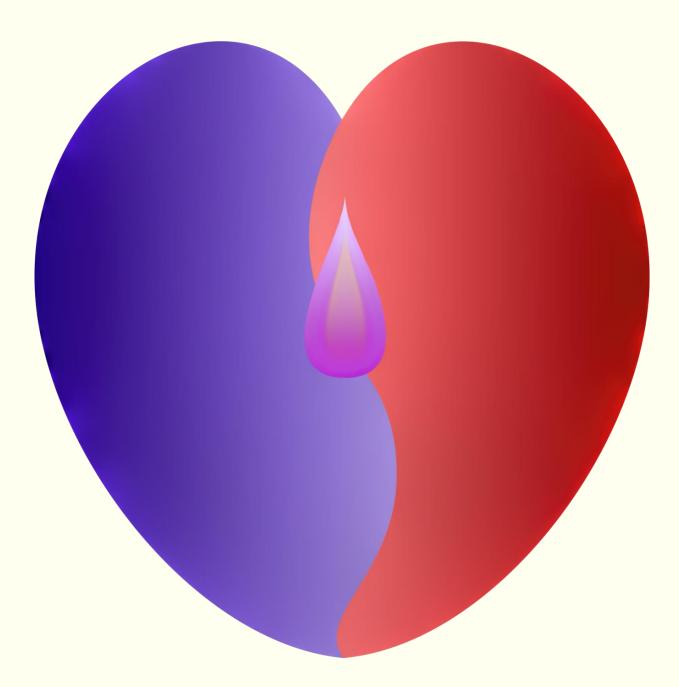
The empyrean philosophical exhortations of Zoroaster



The empyrean philosophical exhortations of Zoroaster v. 13.24, www.philaletheians.co.uk, 30 November 2024

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Part 1.

Madame Blavatsky on the empyrean philosophical exhortations of Zoroaster.

Zoroaster is a generic title; and so is self-created Thoth-Hermes.¹ There were several prophets of those names.

Zoroaster was the founder of Magian religion² and reformer of Magic,³ as practiced by the Chaldeans and the old Egyptians, but not the founder of Divine Magic or Theurgy.⁴ ⁵



Apuleius asserts that Zoroaster instructed Pythagoras.

From *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (ZOROASTER IN "HISTORY" AND ZARATHUSHTRA IN THE SECRET REC-ORDS) III *pp.* 451-52. Full text under the title "The Zend Avesta is to Zoroastrianism what the Veda is to Brahmanism," in our Atlantean Realities Series. — ED. PHIL.

The religion of Zarathushtra is most undoubtedly attested by more than one wellknown Greek and Latin author, in whose writings, by the way, one would vainly search for like reference to Judaism or the "chosen people," so little were they known before the *return* (?) from the Babylonian captivity. Aristotle affirms that Zoroaster lived 6,000 years before Plato.⁶ Hermippus of Alexandria, who claims to have read the genuine books of the Zoroastrians, shows the great Reformer as a pupil of Agonaces (Agon-ach or the Agon-God) and having flourished 5,000 years before the fall of Troy, his statement thus corroborating that of Aristotle, as Troy fell 1194 before our era and, on the testimony of Clement, some think that the Er or *Erus*, the son of

¹ [Consult "Thoth is the equivalent of Hermes and Moses," in our Blavatsky Speaks Series. — ED. PHIL.]

² [Magianism or Mazdaism, a religion of immense antiquity, identical with Sabæanism. — ED. PHIL.]

³ [Consult "Magic is the Occult Knowledge of Natural Law," in our Black versus White Magic Series. — ED. PHIL.]

⁴ [*i.e.*, The higher study and knowledge of nature and deep research into her hidden powers — those occult and mysterious laws which constitute the ultimate essence of every element, whether with the ancients we recognize but four or five, or with the moderns over sixty; or, again, if by magic is meant that ancient study within the sanctuaries known as the "worship of the Light," or divine and spiritual wisdom as distinct from the worship of darkness or ignorance, which led the initiated High-priests of antiquity among the Āryans, Chaldæans, Medes. and Egyptians to be called *Mahā*, Magi or *Maginsi*, and by the Zoroastrians *Meghistom* (from the root *Meh'al*, great, learned, wide. — *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (MAGIC) II *pp.* 31-39. Full text under the title "Black versus White Magic, the two Opposing Powers," in our Black versus White Magic Series. — ED. PHIL.]

⁵ From *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (PRELIMINARY SURVEY) XIV *p*. 23. [Full text under the title "Black Magic is in full sway amidst mankind," in our Black versus White Magic Series. — ED. PHIL.]

⁶ [Cf. Pliny, Natural History, XXX, ii]

Armenius, whose vision is related by Plato in his *Republic*,¹ means no other than Zardosht.² On the other hand, we find Alexander Polyhistor saying of Pythagoras (who lived about 600 years BC) that he was a disciple of the Assyrian *Nazaratus*;³ Diogenes Laërtius⁴ affirming that the philosopher of Samos was initiated into the mysteries "by the Chaldeans and Magi"; and finally Apuleius maintaining that it was Zoroaster who instructed Pythagoras. All those contradictions put together prove

- 1 That "Zoroaster" was a generic title;⁵ and
- 2 That there were several prophets of that name.

There was the primitive and pure Magianism, and one degraded later by priesthood, as is the case with every religion whose spirit is lost and the dead letter of it alone remains. Again we find the proof of it in Darius Hystaspes, shown in history to have crushed the Magi and introduced the pure religion of Zoroaster, that of Hormazd — he had, nevertheless, an inscription cut out on his tomb (recently found) stating that he, Darius, was "teacher and hierophant of *Magianism*." But the greatest proof is found in the *Zend-Avesta* itself. Although *not the oldest* Zoroastrian Scripture, yet, like the *Vedas* in the case of the Deluge upon which they are completely silent⁶ — these ancient writings do not show the slightest sign of its author *having ever been acquainted with any of the nations that subsequently adopted his mode of worship*, although there are several historical Zarathushtras:

- He who instituted sun worship among the Parsis;
- That other who appeared at the court of Gushtasp; and
- He, who was the instructor of Pythagoras . . .



- * [Isaac Marcus Jost (1793–1860), "The Israelite Indeed," ** Vol. II, p. 238; Talmud, Mishnah Nazir.
- ** A periodical edited by Gideon R. Lederer (1804-1879).]
- ⁴ [*Lives*: "Pythagoras," § 3]

¹ Book X, 614*ff*.

² [Clement Alex., *Stromateis*, V, xiv]

³ Zoroaster is often called by the Greek writers the Assyrian Nazaratus. [Cf. Clement, *Stromateis*, I, xv.] The term comes from the word *Nazar* and *Nazir* (set apart, separated), a sect of adepts very ancient and which existed ages before Christ. "They were physicians, healers of the sick by the imposition of hands, and initiated into the Mysteries" — See *Mishnah Nazir* in the *Talmud*, which has nine chapters and gives statutes concerning *Nazarenes*. — I.M. Jost, *Israelite Indeed*,* II, p. 238. They let their hair and beards grow long, drank no wine and pronounced vows of chastity. John the Baptist was a Nazarene, and Elijah of whom it is said in 2 Kings (i, 8) that "he was an hairy man."

⁵ [So was Thoth-Hermes. Consult "Egypt was the image of heaven on earth and temple of the whole world," in the same Series. — ED. PHIL.]

⁶ A fact going to well prove that the *Vedas* were in existence before the deluge, or that cataclysm which changed the face of Central Asia about 10,000 years BC Baron Bunsen places Zoroaster at Bactria and the emigration of Bactrians to the Indus 3784 BC and the historical and geological deluge at the date first mentioned, about 10,555 years before our era. (*Egypt's Place in Universal History*, Vol. V, pp. 77-78, 88)

Socrates saluted the rising sun, as does a true Parsi or a Zoroastrian today.

From *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (THE MYSTERY OF "SUN OF INITIATION") XIV *pp.* 271-72. Full text under the title "Blavatsky on the Trials and Triumph of Initiation," in our Buddhas and Initiates Series. — ED. PHIL.

Listen to Plato:

Know then, Glaucus, that when I speak of the production of good, it is the Sun I mean. The Son has a perfect analogy with his Father.

Solus-Sol-Sun is "The One" and "The Most High" (Helios). But there is a great difference between our sun and its prototype — the Central Spiritual Sun.

Iamblichus calls the Sun "the image of divine intelligence or Wisdom." Eusebius, repeating the words of Philo, calls the rising Sun ($avato\lambda\eta$) the chief Angel, the most ancient, adding that the Archangel who is *polyonymous* (of many names) is the Verbum or Christ.¹ The word Sol (Sun) being derived from *solus*, the One, or the "He alone," and its Greek name Helios meaning the "Most High," the emblem becomes comprehensible. Nevertheless, the Ancients made a difference between the Sun and its prototype.

Socrates saluted the rising Sun as does a true Parsī or Zoroastrian in our own day;² and Homer and Euripides, as Plato did after them several times, mention the Jupiter-Logos, the "Word" or the Sun. Nevertheless, the Christians maintain that since the oracle consulted on the God Iaō answered: "It is the Sun," therefore,

The Jehovah of the Jews was well known to the Pagans and Greeks;³



¹ Præparatio evangelica, II, p. 157

² [So does every rooster on earth: consult "Cock, a very occult bird" in our Down to Earth Series. — ED. PHIL.]

³ De Mirville, *Des Esprits*, IV, 15 [Illustration above: Pythagoreans celebrate sunrise (1869) Fyodor Bronnikov]

The Zoroastrian Esotericism is identical with the Occultism of Theosophy, and the Universal Secret Doctrine.

From The Secret Doctrine, II p. 356.

Every astronomer — besides Occultists and Astrologers — knows that, figuratively, the astral light, the Milky Way, and also the path of the Sun to the tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, as well as the circles of the Sidereal or Tropical year, were always called "Serpents"¹ in the allegorical and mystic phraseology of the adepts.

This, cosmically, as well as metaphorically. Poseidon is a "Dragon": "*Chozzar*, called by the profane Neptune" (Peratæ Gnostics); the "Good and Perfect Serpent," the Messiah of the Naaseni, whose symbol in Heaven is *Draco*.

But one ought to discriminate between the characters of this symbol. For instance: Zoroastrian Esotericism is identical with that of the Secret Doctrine; and when, as an example, we read in the Vendīdād complaints uttered against the "Serpent," whose bites have transformed the beautiful, eternal spring of Airyana-Vaējah, changing it into winter, generating disease and death, at the same time as mental and psychic consumption, every occultist knows that the Serpent alluded to is the north pole, as also the pole of the heavens.² The latter produces the seasons according to the angle at which it penetrates the centre of the earth. The two axes were no more parallel; hence the eternal spring of Airyana-Vaējah by the good river Dāitya had disappeared, and "the Aryan Magi had to emigrate to Sogdiana" — say the exoteric accounts. But the esoteric teaching states that the pole had passed through the equator, and that the "land of bliss" of the Fourth Race, its inheritance from the Third, had now become the region of desolation and woe. This alone ought to be an incontrovertible proof of the great antiquity of the Zoroastrian Scriptures. The Neo-Āryans of the postdiluvian age could, of course, hardly recognise the mountains, on the summits of which their forefathers had met before the Flood, and conversed with the pure "Yazatas" (celestial Spirits of the Elements), whose life and food they had once shared. As shown by Eckstein,³

"... the *Vendīdād* seems to point out a great change in the atmosphere of central Asia; strong volcanic eruptions and the collapse of a whole range of mountains in the neighbourhood of the Kara-Korum chain."

¹ [Consult "When the serpent sloughs off his skin," in our Constitution of Man Series. — ED. PHIL.]

² Symbolized by the Egyptians under the form of a Serpent with a hawk's head.

³ "Questions relatives aux antiquités des peuples sémitiques, etc.," in: *Revue Archéologique*, Vol. XII, Part II, October 1855 to March 1856.

Kalahamsa, the "Swan of Time," is coequal with the Zoroastrian "I am that I am."

From *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (ZOROASTER IN "HISTORY" AND ZARATHUSHTRA IN THE SECRET RECORDS) XIII p. 55. Full text under the title "Blavatsky unravels the drama of Pistis-Sophia," in our Buddhas and Initiates Series. — ED. PHIL.

It will be useful in this connection to compare what *The Secret Doctrine* says of "the mythical white swan, the swan of Eternity or Time, the Kalahamsa":

"Hamsa¹ is equal to *a-ham-sa*, three words meaning 'I am he' (in English), while divided in still another way it will read '*so-ham*,' 'he (is) I' — *soham* being equal to *sah*, 'he,' and *aham*, 'I,' or 'I am he.' In this alone is contained the universal mystery, the doctrine of the identity of man's essence with god-essence, for him who understands the language of wisdom. Hence the glyph of, and the allegory about, Kālahamsa (or hamsa), and the name given to Brahma, neuter (later on, to the male Brahmā) of 'Hamsa-Vahāna,' he who uses the Hamsa as his vehicle. The same word may be read 'Kal-aham-sa' or 'I am I' in the eternity of Time, answering to the Biblical, or rather Zoroastrian 'I am *That* I am.'"²



¹ [Hamsa is the soul of Brahmā and Brahmā is the spirit of hamsa. The manifested world is their body. Look up "Bestride the Bird of Life," in our Secret Doctrine's First Proposition Series. — ED. PHIL.]

² Secret Doctrine, I p. 78

The Chaldean Divine Dynasties appear in succession over a cycle of 432,000 years.

These "mysterious" Akkadians or Chaldeans, whose name both upon classical and biblical authority designates not only a nation but that peculiar priestly caste initiated in and entirely devoted to the Sciences of astrology and magic. Held sacred in all ages, this peculiar learning was concentrated in Babylon and known in the remotest periods of history as a system of religious worship and Science which made the glory of the Chaldean.¹

[The Chaldeans] assuredly got their primitive learning from the Brahmans, for H.C. Rawlinson shows an undeniably Vedic influence in the early mythology of Babylon; and Col. Vans Kennedy has long since justly declared that Babylonia was, from her origin, the seat of Sanskrit and Brahman learning.² . . . [H] Ea, the God of Wisdom, [is] now identified with the Ōannēs of Berosus, the half-man, half-fish, who taught the Babylonians culture *and the art of writing.*³

It is maintained that INDIA (not in its present limits, but including its ancient boundaries) is the only country in the world which still has among her sons adepts, who have the knowledge of all the seven *sub-systems* and the key to the entire system. Since the fall of Memphis, Egypt began to lose those keys one by one, and Chaldea had preserved only three in the days of Berosus. As for the Hebrews, in all their writings they show no more than a thorough knowledge of the astronomical, geometrical and numerical systems of symbolizing all the human, and especially the *physiological* functions. They never had the higher keys.⁴



¹ Blavatsky Collected Writings, (CHALDEAN "VEDAS" OR "VEDIC" CHALDEES?) XIII p. 328

² Secret Doctrine, I p. xxxi

³ *ibid.*, II *p.* 226; [on Sayce's third *Hibbert Lecture*, 1887, *pp.* 134-38]

⁴ *ibid.*, I *p.* 311; [on the Mystery-Language and its Keys. For an in-depth analysis, consult "Keys to the Mystery Language," in the same Series, and "Chaldeans, Hierophants of the Aryan Root-Race," in our Atlantean Realities Series. — ED. PHIL.]

Part 2. The Chaldaean Oracles of Zoroaster.

From Isaac Preston Cory (1802–1842), Ancient Fragments, of the Phœnician, Chaldæan, Egyptian, Tyrian, Carthaginian, Indian, Persian, and other Writers; with an Introductory Dissertation: and an Inquiry into the Philosophy and Trinity of the Ancients. (2nd ed.) London: William Pickering, 1832; "The Chaldæan Oracles of Zoroaster," pp. 239-80. A searchable PDF can be found in our Theosophy and Theosophists Series. With annotations by the English Platonist Thomas Taylor, cross-references to H.P. Blavatsky Collected Writings, and notes by the Series Editor.

A comparison of a logion by Psellus (on where to find virtue, wisdom, and equity), as it appears in the 1^{st} ed. of 1828, and the 2^{nd} ed. of 1832, is shown on page 33 of this study.

Emanations of the Unknowable Causeless Cause of Spirit and Matter.

<A> God, Father, Mind, Fire, Monad, Duad, Triad.¹

- ¹² But God is he that has the head of a hawk. He is the first, indestructible, eternal, unbegotten, indivisible, dissimilar; the dispenser of all good; incorruptible; the best of the good, the wisest of the wise: he is the father of equity and justice, self-taught, physical, and perfect, and wise, and the only inventor of the sacred philosophy.³
- ²⁴ Theurgists assert that he⁵ is a God, and celebrate him as both older and younger,⁶ as a circulating and eternal God, as understanding the whole number of all

¹ [Mr. Taylor in his collection of the oracles (*Class. Journal* No. 22) has arranged them under the following heads.

I. The oracles which he conjectures may be ascribed to Zoroaster himself. This division includes the collection of Psellus, and in this collection are marked Z. as in the 8^{th} .

II. Oracles delivered by Theurgists under the reign of Marcus Antoninus. These relate to the Intelligible and Intellectual orders: and are here distinguished by a T. as in the $4^{\rm th}$.

III. Oracles delivered either by the Theurgists or by Zoroaster, here marked Z. or T. as in the 2^{nd} . The rest he has placed together as uncertain or imperfect in their meaning; to which he has subjoined a few from the Treatise of Lydus de Mensibus. We are also indebted to Mr. Taylor for the references to the authors from whom the collection was originally made, and for the addition of several oracles hitherto unnoticed.]

² [Eusebius attributes this to the Persian Zoroaster. I have added it to the collection.]

³ Euseb. Præp. Evan. lib. I. c. 10

⁴ [Lobeck seems to be of opinion that neither this nor the one next following have any claim to be inserted.]

⁵ [Χρόνος, Time — Thos. Taylor — Qy. Κρόνος. The latter Platonists continually substitute Χρόνος for Κρόνος.]

⁶ [Cf. Says Dunlap (Vestiges of Spirit-History of Man, 1858, pp. 189-90):

[&]quot;The Egyptians distinguish between an older and younger Horus; the former the *brother* of Osiris, the latter the *son* of Osiris and Isis."

The first is the *Idea* of the world remaining in the Demiurgic Mind, "born in darkness before the creation of the world." The second Horus is this "Idea" going forth from the *Logos*, becoming clothed with matter, and assuming an actual existence.

⁻ Secret Doctrine, I p. 348 & quoting Movers, Die Phönizier, 1841, Vol. I, p. 268 - ED. PHIL.]

things moved in the world, and moreover infinite through his power and of a spiral form. 1

- 3 The mundane god, eternal, boundless, Young and old, of a spiral form.
- ⁴ For Eternity,² according to the oracle, is the cause of never-failing life, of unwearied power, and unsluggish energy.³
- 5 Hence this stable God⁴ is called by the gods silent, and is said to consent with mind, and to be known by souls through mind alone.⁵
- ⁶ The Chaldæans call the God (Dionysus or Bacchus) Iaō in the Phœnician tongue (instead of the intelligible light), and he is often called Sabaoth, signifying that he is above the seven poles, that is the Demiurgus.⁶
- 7 Containing all things in the one summit of his own hyparxis, he himself subsists wholly beyond.⁷
- 8 Measuring and bounding all things.⁸
- 9 For nothing imperfect circulates from a paternal principle.⁹
- 10 The father hurled not forth fear but infused persuasion.¹⁰
- 11 . . . The Father has hastily withdrawn himself;
 But has not shut up his own fire in his intellectual power.¹¹
- Such is the Mind which is there energizing before energy.
 That it has not gone forth but abode in the paternal depth,
 And in the adytum according to divinely-nourished silence.^{12, 13}

- ⁴ [*i.e.*, First Logos. ED. PHIL.]
- ⁵ T. | Proc. in Theol. 321. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁶ Lyd. de Mens. 83. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁷ T. | *Procl. in Theol.* 212. *Thos. Taylor.*
- ⁸ T. | Proc. in Pl. Th. 386. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁹ Z. | Psell. 38. Plet.
- ¹⁰ Z. | Plet.
- ¹¹ Z. | *Psell.* 30. *Plet.* 33.
- ¹² [*i.e.*, Και εν τω αδυτω, κατα την θεοθρεμμονα σιγην. ED. PHIL.]
- ¹³ T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 167.

¹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 244. — *Thos. Taylor.*

² [The Gnostics used the word Æōn itself for their different celestial orders. See also Sanchoniathon. p. 4.]

³ T. | *Thos. Taylor.*

THE CHALDAEAN ORACLES OF ZOROASTER CAUSELESS CAUSE OF SPIRIT AND MATTER

- All things are the progeny of one fire.
 The Father perfected all things, and delivered them over
 To the second Mind, whom all nations of men call the first.^{1, 2}
- 14 And of the Mind which conducts the empyrean world.³
- 15 What the Mind says, it says by understanding.⁴
- 16 Power is with them, but Mind is from him.⁵
- The Mind of the Father riding on attenuated rulers
 Which glitter with the furrows of inflexible and implacable Fire.⁶
- 18 . . . After the paternal conception
 I the Soul reside, a heat animating all things.
 . . . For he placed
 Mind in Soul and Soul in dull Body,
 The Father of Gods and Men so placed them in ours.⁷
- 19 Natural works coexist with the intellectual light
 Of the Father. For it is the Soul, which adorned the great heaven
 And which adorns it after the Father.
 But her horns are established on high.⁸
- 20 The Soul, being a bright fire, by the power of the father, Remains immortal, and is mistress of life, And fills up many of the recesses of the world.⁹
- 21 The channels being intermixed, she performs the works of incorruptible fire.¹⁰

- ⁴ Z. | *Psell*. 35.
- ⁵ T. | *Proc. in Plat. Th.* 365.
- ⁶ T. | Proc. in Crat. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁷ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 124.

¹ [Cf. "... in Occult metaphysics there are ... two 'ONES' — the One on the unreachable plane of Absoluteness and Infinity [Parabrahman], on which no speculation is possible, and the Second 'One' on the plane of Emanations [Demiurgic Mind, Nous Δημιουργος]. The former can neither emanate nor be divided, as it is eternal, absolute, and immutable. The Second, being, so to speak, the reflection of the first One (for it is the Logos, or Iśvara, in the Universe of Illusion), can do all this." *Secret Doctrine*, I *p.* 130 — ED. PHIL.]

² Z. | *Psell*. 24. — *Plet*. 30.

³ T. | Dam. de Prin.

⁸ *ibid.*, 106.

⁹ Z. | *Psell*. 28. — *Plet*. 11.

¹⁰ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Pl. Polit.* 399.

- 22 For the Fire which is first beyond did not shut up his power In matter by works but by mind: For the framer of the fiery world is the Mind of Mind.¹
- 23 Who first sprung from Mind Clothing fire with fire, binding them together that he might mingle The fountainous craters, while he preserved the flower of his own fire.²
- 24 Thence a fiery whirlwind drawing the flower of glowing fire, Flashing into the cavities of the worlds; for all things from thence Begin to extend downwards their admirable rays.³
- 25⁴ The Monad is there first where the paternal Monad subsists.⁵
- ²⁶ The Monad is extended which generates two.⁶
- 27 For the Duad sits by this, and glitters with intellectual sections, To govern all things, and to order each.⁷
- 28 The Mind of the Father said that all things should be cut into three: His will assented, and immediately all things were cut.⁸
- 29 The Mind of the eternal Father said into three, Governing all things by Mind.⁹
- 30 The Father mingled every Spirit from this Triad.¹⁰
- 31 All things are governed in the bosoms of this triad.¹¹
- 32 All things are governed and subsist in these three.¹²
- ³³ For you may conceive that all things serve these three principles.¹³
- ³⁴ From these flows the body of the Triad, being pre-existent, Not the first, but that by which things are measured.¹⁴

¹ T. | Proc. in Theol. 333. — in Tim. 157.

² T. | *Proc. in Parm.*

³ T. | *Proc. in Theol. Plat.* 171, 172.

⁴ [What the Pythagoreans signify by Monad, Duad, and Triad — or Plato by Bound, Infinite, or Mixed; or we in the former part of this work, by The One, The Many, and The United; that the oracles of the Gods intend by Hyparxis, Power, and Energy. — *Dam. de Prin. — Thos. Taylor.*]

⁵ T. | Proc. in Euc. 27.
⁶ ibid.
⁷ T. | Proc. in Plat. 376.
⁸ T. | Proc. in Parm.
⁹ T. | Proc. in Tim.
¹⁰ Lyd. de Men. 20. — Thos. Taylor.
¹¹ ibid.
¹² T. | Proc. in I Alcib.
¹³ T. | Dam. de Prin.
¹⁴ Z. or T. | Anon.

THE CHALDAEAN ORACLES OF ZOROASTER CAUSELESS CAUSE OF SPIRIT AND MATTER

- 35 And there appeared in it virtue, and wisdom, And multiscient truth.¹
- 36 For in the whole world shineth a Triad, over which a Monad rules.²
- 37 The first is the sacred course . . . , but in the middle Air, the third the other which cherisheth the earth in fire.³
- **38** Abundantly animating light, fire, ether, worlds.⁴

¹ Z. or T. | *Anon*.

² T. | *Dam. in Parm.*

³ Z. or T. | *Anon*.

⁴ Z. or T. | *Simp. in Phys.* 143.

Ideas, Ideals, Ideation.¹

 Intelligibles, Intellectuals, Iynges, Synoches, Teletarchæ, Fountains, Principles, Hecate,² and Dæmons.

39 The Mind of the Father made a jarring noise, understanding by unwearied counsel Omniform ideas: which flying out from one fountain They sprung forth: for from the Father was the will and the end; (By which they are connected with the Father According to alternate life from several vehicles), But they were divided, being by intellectual fire distributed Into other Intellectuals: For the king previously placed before the multiform world An intellectual, incorruptible pattern, the print of whose form Is promoted through the world, according to which things the world appeared Beautified with all-various Ideas; of which there is one fountain, From this the others rush forth distributed, And separated about the bodies of the world, and are borne Through its vast recesses like swarms Turning themselves on all sides in every direction, They are Intellectual conceptions from the paternal fountain, Partaking abundantly the flower of Fire in the point of restless time, But the primary self-perfect fountain of the Father Poured forth these primogenial ideas.³

- 40 These being many ascend flashingly into the shining worlds And in them are contained three summits.⁴
- ⁴¹ They are the guardians of the works of the Father And of the one Mind, the Intelligible.⁵

¹ [The whole of the following division is a system grafted upon the Platonic doctrine of Ideas. It is composed of six different orders, called Triads, or each consisting of three Triads, which have different names in the respective theologies of the Modern Platonists, and of those who assumed the title of Chaldæans. Both regarded the first Cause as the One and the Good; from whom proceeded in succession the three first orders which were all Ineffable and Superessential.]

² [Cf. "For the Fathers' — such as Origen or Clemens Alexandrinus — the Moon was Jehovah's living symbol: the giver of Life and the giver of Death, the disposer of being — in *our* World. For, if Artemis was *Luna* in Heaven, and, with the Greeks, Diana on Earth, who presided over child-birth and *life*: with the Egyptians, she was Heqet (Hecatē) in Hell, the goddess of Death, who ruled over magic and enchantments. More than this: as the personified moon, whose phenomena are triadic, Diana-Hecatē-Luna is *the three in one*. For she is *Diva triformis, tergemina, triceps* — three heads on one neck [the goddess *Tpiµopqos* in the statuary of Alcamenes], like Brahmā-Vishnu-Śiva. Hence she is the prototype of our Trinity, which has not always been entirely male." *Secret Doctrine*, I p. 387. — ED. PHIL.]

³ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Parm.*

⁴ T. | Dam. in Parm.

⁵ T. | *Proc. in Th. Plat.* 205.

- 42¹ All things subsist together in the Intelligible world.²
- **43** But all Intellect understands the deity, for Intellect is not without the Intelligible, And the Intelligible does not subsist apart from Intellect.³
- 44 For Intellect is not without the Intelligible: it does not subsist apart from it.⁴
- 45 By Intellect he contains the Intelligibles, but introduces the Soul into the worlds.
- 46 By Intellect he contains the Intelligibles, but introduces Sense into the worlds.⁵
- For the paternal Intellect, which understands Intelligibles,
 And adorns things ineffable, has sowed symbols through the world.⁶
- 48 This order is the beginning of all section.⁷
- 49 The Intelligible is the principle of all section.⁸
- 50 The Intelligible is food to that which understands.^{9, 10}
- 51 The oracles concerning the orders exhibits it prior to Heaven as ineffable, and add — It has mystic silence.¹¹
- ⁵² The oracle calls the Intelligible causes Swift, and asserts that proceeding from the Father, they run to him.¹²
- ^{53¹³} Those natures are both Intellectual and Intelligible, which, themselves possessing intellection, are the objects of intelligence to others.¹⁴
- 54 The intelligible lynges themselves understand from the Father; By ineffable counsels being moved so as to understand.¹⁵

³ Z. or T. | *Dam*.

⁸ ibid.

⁹ [*i.e.*, The Intelligible is the aliment of the Intelligent. — ED. PHIL.]

¹ [I. The first Order is the *Intelligible Triad* of the Platonists, but Psellus says it was venerated among the Chaldæans as a *certain Paternal Profundity*, containing three triads, each consisting of Father, Power and Intellect.]

² T. | Dam. de Prin. — Thos. Taylor.

⁴ Z. or T. | *Proc. Th. Plat.* 172.

⁵ T. | *Proc. in Crat.*

⁶ ibid..

⁷ T. | Dam. de Prin.

¹⁰ T. | Dam. de Prin.

¹¹ T. | *Proc. in Crat.* — *Thos. Taylor.*

¹² *ibid.*

¹³ [II. The second order of the Platonists was the *Intelligible and at the same time Intellectual Triad*. Among the Chaldæans it consisted of the *Iynges*, *Synoches and Teletarchæ*.]

[[]Iynges or "whirlings," Synoches or "holdings," and Teletarchæ or "perfectings" are equivalent to the Indian Trimūrti: Brahmā, Demiurgic Mind or Logos, Vishnu, Preserver and Ideal Cause of potencies, and Śiva, Saviour of Spiritual Man. Synoches is the real Ōannēs, the Babylonian Dāg. — ED. PHIL.]

¹⁴ T. | *Proc. Th. Plat.* 179.

¹⁵ Z. | *Psell*. 41. — *Plet*. 31.

- 55 Because it is the operator, because it is the giver of life-bearing fire. Because it fills the life-producing bosom of Hecate. And it instils into the Synoches the enlivening strength of Fire Endued with mighty power.¹
- 56 He gave to his own whirlwinds to guard the summits, Mingling the proper force of his own strength in the Synoches.²
- 57 But likewise as many as serve the material Synoches.³
- 58 The Teletarchs are comprehended in the Synoches.^{4, 5}
- ^{59⁶} Rhea the fountain and river of the blessed Intellectuals Having first received the powers of all things in her ineffable bosom Pours forth perpetual generation upon every thing.⁷
- ⁶⁰ For it is the bound of the paternal depth, and the fountain of the Intellectuals.⁸
- ⁶¹ . . . For he is a power Of circumlucid strength,⁹ glittering with Intellectual sections.¹⁰
- 62 He glitters with Intellectual sections, but has filled all things with love.¹¹
- 63 To the Intellectual whirlwinds of Intellectual fire all things¹²
 Are subservient, through the persuasive counsel of the Father.¹³
- 64 Oh how the world has inflexible Intellectual rulers.
- ⁶⁵ The centre of Hecate corresponds with that of the fathers.¹⁴

 In the 1st ed. of 1828, Fragments 56-58 have been rendered as follows: He gave to his presters that they should guard the tops.

Mingling the power of his own strength in the Synoches. Oh how the world hath intellectual guides inflexible! — ED. PHIL.]

7 T. | Proc. in Crat. — Thos. Taylor.

⁸ T. | Dam. de Prin.

⁹ [αμφιφαους δυναμις, *i.e.*, bright all round. — ED. PHIL.]

10 T. | Dam.

11 *ibid..*

12 [i.e., tois de hurds nerou nerois hrhothroin apanta. — ED. Phil.]

13 T. | *Proc. in Parm.*

14 _{T.}

¹ T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 128.

² T. | Dam. de Prin.

³ T. | 58.

⁵ T. | Dam. de Prin.

⁶ [III. The Intellectual Triad of later Platonists corresponds with the Fountains or Fontal Fathers of the Chaldæans.]

- From him leap forth all implacable thunders,
 And the whirlwind receiving bosoms of the all-splendid strength
 Of the Father-begotten Hecate; and he who begirds the flower of fire¹
 And the strong spirit of the poles, all fiery beyond.²
- 67 Another fontal, which leads the empyreal world.³
- 68 The fountain of fountains, and the boundary of all fountains.⁴
- ⁶⁹ Under two minds the life-generating fountain of souls is comprehended.⁵
- 70⁶ Beneath them lies the principal of the immaterials.⁷
- **71** Father-begotten light, for he alone having gathered from the strength of the Father

The flower of mind has the power of understanding, the paternal mind; To instil into all fountains and principles the power

Of understanding, and of always remaining in a ceaseless revolution.⁸

- All fountains and principles whirl round,
 And always remain in a ceaseless revolution.⁹
- **73** The Principles, which have understood the Intelligible works of the Father He has clothed in sensible works and bodies,

Being the intermediate links standing to communicate between the Father and Matter,

Rendering apparent the images of unapparent natures,

And inscribing the unapparent in the apparent frame of the world.¹⁰

⁶ [The last of the Intellectual Triad was the Demiurgus, from whom proceeded the Effable and Essential orders including all sorts of Dæmons. They are according to the respective systems,

Of the Platonists	Of the Chaldeans
IV. The Supermundane	The Principles
V. The Liberated	The Azonic
VI. The Mundane	The Zonic

The Demiurgus was the fabricator of the world, and held the same relative position to the three succeeding essential orders as did the first cause to the three preceding or superessential orders.]

Z. or T. | Dam. in Parm.

10 ibid.

¹ [*i.e.*, Πατρογενους Εκατης και υπεζωκος πυρος ανυθος. — ED. PHIL.]

² T. | *Proc. in Crat.*

³ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.*

⁴ T. | Dam. de Prin.

⁵ ibid.

⁸ T. | Proc. in Tim. 242.

[[]*i.e.*, $\alpha \kappa \alpha \alpha \beta \beta \alpha \beta$

⁹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Parm.*

- 74 Typhon, Echidna, and Python, being the progeny of Tartarus and Earth, which is conjoined with Heaven, form as it were a certain Chaldaic triad, which is the inspector of the whole disordered fabrication.¹
- 75 Irrational dæmons derive their subsistence from the aërial rulers, wherefore the oracle says,
 Being the charioteer of the aërial, terrestrial, and aquatic dogs.²
- ⁷⁶ The aquatic, when applied to divine natures, signifies a government inseparable from water, and hence the oracle calls the aquatic gods water walkers.³
- 77 There are certain aquatic dæmons whom Orpheus called Nereides in the more elevated exhalations of water such as appear in this cloudy air, whose bodies are sometimes seen, as Zoroaster thinks, by more acute eyes, especially in Persia and Africa.⁴

- ² ibid.
- ³ T. | Proc. in Tim. 270. Thos. Taylor.

¹ T. | Olymp. in Phæd. — Thos. Taylor.

⁴ T. | Fic. de Im. Am. 123. — Thos. Taylor.

One Universal Soul, periodical souls, and those chained to bodies.

<C> Soul, Life, Man.

- **78** These things the Father conceived, and the mortal was animated for him.¹
- 79 For the Father of gods and men placed the mind in soul, But in body he placed you.
- 80 The paternal mind has sowed symbols in the souls.²
- 81 Having mingled the vital spark from two according substances, Mind and Divine Spirit, as a third to these he added Holy Love, the venerable charioteer uniting all things.³
- 82 Filling the soul with profound love.⁴
- 83 The Soul of men will in a manner clasp God to herself.
 Having nothing mortal she is wholly inebriated from God,
 For she glories in the harmony under which the mortal body exists.⁵
- 84 The more powerful souls perceive truth through themselves, and are of a more inventive nature. "Such souls are saved through their own strength," according to the oracle.⁶
- ⁸⁵ The oracle says, ascending souls sing a pæan.⁷
- 86 Of all souls those certainly are superlatively blessed
 Which are poured forth from heaven to earth;
 And they are happy, and have ineffable stamina,
 As many as proceed from thy splendid self, Oh king,
 Or from Jove himself, under the strong necessity of Mithus.⁸
- 87 The souls of those who quit the body violently are most pure.⁹
- 88 The ungirders of the soul, which give her breathing, are easy to be loosed.¹⁰

- ³ Lyd. de Men. 3. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁴ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Pl. Theol.* 4.
- ⁵ Z. | Psell. 17. Plet. 10.
- ⁶ T. | *Proc. in I. Alc. Thos. Taylor.*
- ⁷ Z. or T. | Olym. in Phæd. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁸ Z. or T. | *Synes. de Insom.* 153.
- ⁹ Z. | *Psel.* 27.
- ¹⁰ Z. | Psel. 32. Plet. 8.

¹ T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 336.

² Z. | Psell. 26. — Plet. 6.

THE CHALDEAN ORACLES OF ZOROASTER ONE PARENT FLAME, COUNTLESS BEAMS OF LIGHT

- 89 For tho' you see this soul manumitted The Father sends another, that the number may be complete.¹
- 90 . . . Understanding the works of the Father They avoid the shameless wing of fate; They are placed in God, drawing strong torches, Descending from the Father, from which, as they descend, the soul Gathers of the empyreal fruits the soul-nourishing flower.²
- **91** This animastic spirit, which blessed men have called the pneumatic soul, becomes a god, an all-various dæmon, and an image, and the soul in this suffers her punishments. The oracles, too, accord with this account: for they assimilate the employment of the soul in Hades to the delusive visions of a dream.³
- 92 One life with another, from the distributed channels. Passing from above through the opposite part Through the centre of the earth; and the fifth the middle, Another fiery channel, where the life-beaming fire descends As far as the material channels.⁴
- 93 Moisture is a symbol of life; hence Plato, and the gods before Plato, call it (the soul); at one time the liquid of the whole of vivification, and at another time a certain fountain of it.⁵
- 94 Oh man, of a daring nature, thou subtile production.⁶
- **95** For thy vessel the beasts of the earth shall inhabit.⁷
- 96 Since the soul perpetually runs and passes through all things in a certain space of time, which being performed, it is presently compelled to run back again through all things and unfold the same web of generation in the world, according to Zoroaster, who thinks that as often as the same causes return, the same effects will in like manner be returned.⁸
- 97 According to Zoroaster, in us the ethereal vestment of the soul perpetually revolves.⁹

- ⁵ Z. | Proc. in Tim. 318. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁶ Z. | Psel. 12. Plet. 21.
- ⁷ Z. | Psel. 36. Plet. 7.
- ⁸ Z. | Ficin. de Im. An. 129. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁹ *ibid.*, 131. *Thos. Taylor.*

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¹ Z. or T.

² Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 321.

³ Z. or T. | Synes. de Insom. p. 139. — Thos. Taylor.

⁴ Z. or T.

98 The oracles delivered by the gods celebrate the essential fountain of every soul, the empyrean, the ethereal, and the material. This fountain they separate from the whole vivific goddess;¹ from whom also suspending the whole of fate, they make two series, the one animastic, or belonging to the soul, and the other belonging to Fate. They assert that the soul is derived from the animastic series, but that sometimes it becomes subservient to Fate, when passing into an irrational condition of being, it becomes subject to fate instead of Providence.²

¹ [Rhea. — Thos. Taylor.]

² Z. or T. | *Proc. de Prov. ap. Fabr. VIII.* 486. — *Thos. Taylor.*

Matter is the shadow of Light and vehicle of Life. Matter manifests the finest spiritual ideations only to the pure in heart.

<D> Matter, the Word, and Nature.

- **99** The matrix containing all things.¹
- 100 Wholly division, and indivisible.
- 101 Thence abundantly springs forth the generation of multifarious matter.²
- 102 These frame indivisibles and sensibles, And corporiforms and things destined to matter.³
- 103 The fontal nymphs, and all the aquatic spirits, And the terrestrial, aerial, and glittering recesses, Are the lunar riders and rulers of all matter, Of the celestial, the starry, and that which lies in the abysses.⁴
- **104** Evil, according to the oracle, is more frail than nonentity.⁵
- 105 We learn that matter pervades the whole world, as the gods also assert.⁶
- 106 All divine natures are incorporeal, But bodies are bound in them for your sakes. Bodies not being able to contain incorporeals By reason of the corporeal nature, in which you are concentrated.⁷
- 107 For the paternal self-begotten mind understanding his works Sowed in all the fiery bond of love, That all things might continue loving for an infinite time.
 - That the connected series of things might intellectually remain in all the light of the Father,
 - That the elements of the world might continue their course in love.⁸
- 108 The Maker who, self-operating, framed the world,
 And there was another mass of fire: all these things
 He produced self-operating, that the body of the world might be conglobed,
 That the world might be manifest, and not appear membranous.⁹

¹ T.

² T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 118.

³ T. | Dam. de Prin.

⁴ *Lyd. p.* 32. — *Thos. Taylor.*

⁵ Z. or T. | *Proc. de Prov.* — *Thos. Taylor.*

⁶ Z. or T. | *Proc. Tim.* 142.

⁷ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Pl. Polit.* 359.

⁸ T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 155.

⁹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 154.

- **109** For he assimilates himself, professing To cast around him the form of the images.
- 110 For it is an imitation of Mind, but that which is fabricated has something of body.¹
- 111 But projecting into the worlds, through the rapid menace of the Father, The venerable name with a sleepless revolution.²
- 112 The ethers of the elements therefore are there.³
- 113 The oracles assert, that the impression of characters, and of other divine visions, appear in the ether.⁴
- 114 In this the things without figure are figured.⁵
- **115** The ineffable and effable impressions of the world.
- 116 And the light-hating world, and the winding currents Under which many are drawn down.⁶
- 117 He makes the whole world of fire, and water, and earth, And all-nourishing ether.⁷
- 118 Placing earth in the middle, but water in the cavities of the earth, And air above these.⁸
- 119 He fixed a great multitude of inerratic stars, Not by a laborious and evil tension, But with a stability void of wandering. Forcing the fire to the fire.⁹
- 120 For the Father congregated the seven firmaments of the world, Circumscribing the heaven with a convex figure.¹⁰

121 He constituted a septenary of erratic animals.¹¹

122 Suspending their disorder in well-disposed zones.¹²

⁸ ibid.

- **11** Z. or T.
- 12 *ibid*.

¹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 87.

² Z. or T. | *Proc. in Crat.*

³ Z. or T. | Olymp. in Phæd. — Thos. Taylor.

⁴ Z. or T. | Simp. in Phys. 144. — Thos. Taylor.

⁵ *ibid.*, 143.

⁶ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 339.

⁷ Z. or T.

⁹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 280.

¹⁰ Z. or T. | *Dam. in Parm.*

- 123 He made them six in number, and for the seventh He cast into the midst the fire of the sun.¹
- 124 The centre from which all (lines) which way so ever are equal.²
- 125 And that the swift sun may come as usual about the centre.³
- 126 Eagerly urging itself towards the centre of resounding light.⁴
- 127 And the great sun and the bright moon.
- 128 For his hairs appear like rays of light ending in a sharp point.⁵

129 And of the solar circles, and of the lunar clashings, And of the aerial recesses, The melody of the ether, and of the sun, and of the passages of the moon, and of the air.⁶

- 130 The most mystic of discourses inform us, that the wholeness of him (the sun) is in the supermundane orders: for there a solar world and a total light subsist, as the oracles of the Chaldæans affirm.⁷
- 131 The more true sun measures all things by time, being truly a time of time, according to the oracle of the gods concerning it.⁸
- 132 The disk (of the sun) is carried in the starless much above the inerratic sphere: and hence he is not in the middle of the planets but of the three worlds, according to the telestic hypotheses.⁹
- 133 (The sun is a)¹⁰ fire, the channel of fire, and the dispenser of fire.¹¹
- 134¹² Hence Cronus.

The sun assessor beholding the pure pole.

- 135 The ethereal course and the vast motion of the moon And the aerial fluxes.¹³
- 136 Oh ether, sun, spirit of the moon, leaders of the air.¹⁴

⁸ *ibid.*, 249. — Thos. Taylor.

- ¹⁰ [*Thos. Taylor* inserts.]
- ¹¹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 141.
- ¹² [Thos. Taylor omits this and the two following.]
- ¹³ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 257.
- 14 ibid.

¹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 280.

² Z. or T. | *Proc. in Euc.* 43.

³ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Plat. Th.* 317.

⁴ T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 236.

⁵ T. | *Proc. in Pl. Pol.* 387.

⁶ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 257.

⁷ *ibid.*, 264. — *Thos. Taylor.*

⁹ Z. or T. | Jul. Orat. V. 334. — Thos. Taylor.

- 137 And the wide air, and the lunar course, and the pole of the sun.¹
- **138** For the goddess brings forth the great sun and the bright moon.
- 139 She collects it, receiving the melody of the ether,And of the sun, and of the moon, and of whatsoever things are contained in the air.
- 140 Unwearied nature rules over the worlds and works, That heaven drawing downward might run an eternal course, And that the other periods of the sun, moon, seasons, night, and day, might be accomplished.²
- 141 Immense nature is exalted about the shoulders of the goddess.³
- 142 The most celebrated of the Babylonians, together with Ostanes and Zoroaster, very properly call the starry spheres *herds*; whether because these alone among corporeal magnitudes, are perfectly carried about a centre, or in conformity to the oracles, because they are considered by them as in a certain respect the bonds and collectors of physical reasons, which they likewise call in their sacred discourses herds, and by the insertion of a *gamma*, angels. Wherefore the stars which preside over each of these herds are considered demons similar to the angels, and are called archangels: and they are seven in number.^{4, 5}
- 143 Zoroaster calls the congruities of material forms to the reasons of the soul of the world, divine allurements.⁶

¹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 257.

² *ibid.*, 4. & 323. — *Thos. Taylor.*

³ T. | *Proc. in Tim.* 4.

⁴ [The Greek text of this oracle is as follows:

Των Βαβυλωνιων οι δοκιμωτατοι, και Οστανης, και Ζωροαστρης, αγελας κυριως καλουσιν τας αστρικας σφαιρας. Ητοι παρ'οσον τελειως αγονται περι το κεντρον μοναι παρα τα σωματικα μεγεθη; η απο του συνδεσμοι πως και συναγωγαι χρηματιζειν δογματιζεσθαι παρ'αυτων των φυσικων λογων, ας αγεους κατα τα αυτα καλουσιν εν τοις ιεροις λογοις; κατα παρεμπτωσιν δε του γαμμα, αγγελους. Διο και τουυς καθ'εκαστην τουτων αγελων εξαρχοντες αστερας, και δαιμονας ομοιους αγγελους, και αρχαγγελους προσαγορευεσθαι, οιπερ, εισιν επτα τον αριθμον. — ED. PHIL.]

⁵ Z. | Anon. in Theologumenis Arithmeticis. — Thos. Taylor.

⁶ Z. | Fic. de vit. cœl. comp. 519. — Thos. Taylor.

Rules of conduct for would-be disciples.

<E> Magical and Philosophical Precepts.

144 Direct not thy mind to the vast measures of the earth; For the plant of truth is not upon ground. Nor measure the measures of the sun, collecting rules, For he is carried by the eternal will of the father, not for your sake. Dismiss the impetuous course of the moon; for she runs always by the work of necessity.
The progression of the stars was not generated for your sake.¹ The wide aerial flight of birds is not true, Nor the dissections of the entrails of victims: they are all mere toys, The basis of mercenary fraud: flee from these If you would open the sacred paradise of piety Where virtue, wisdom, and equity, are assembled.²
145 Stoop not down to the darkly-splendid world;

In which continually lies a faithless depth, and Hades Cloudy, squalid, delighting in images unintelligible, Precipitous, winding, a blind profundity always rolling, Always espousing an opacous, idle, breathless body.³

146 Stoop not down, for a precipice lies below the earth, Drawing under a descent of seven steps, beneath which Is the throne of dire necessity.⁴

Secret Doctrine, II p. 748 - ED. PHIL.]

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<sup>2</sup> Z. | Psel. 4.
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The wide aerial flight of birds is not true, . . . etc.

¹ [Cf. " . . . even the later Chaldees,* who had gradually fallen into dualism, reducing all things to two primal principles, had no more worshipped Satan or idols than have the Zoroastrians, who are now accused of the same, but that their religion was as highly philosophical as any; their dual and exoteric Theosophy became the heirloom of the Jews, who, in their turn, were forced to share it with the Christians. Parsīs are charged to this day with heliolatry, and yet in the *Chaldean Oracles*, under the 'Magical and Philosophical Precepts' of Zoroaster, the following is found:

Direct not thy mind to the vast measures of the earth, . . . etc." $% \mathcal{A}^{(n)}$

⁻ Blavatsky Collected Writings, (THE DENIALS AND MISTAKES OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY) XIII, p. 229.

^{*} The earlier "Chaldees" . . . were the "wise men" of a *caste*, not of a nation, a community of great adepts [who came] from their "Serpent-holes," and who had settled in Babylonia ages before [the Hebrews].

[[]Cf. "There is a vast difference between the *true* worship taught to those who showed themselves worthy, and the state religions. The Magians are accused of all kinds of superstition, but the *Chaldean Oracle* proceeds:

Surely it is not those who warn people against 'mercenary fraud' who can be accused of it; as said elsewhere:

If they accomplished acts which seem miraculous, who can with fairness presume to deny that it was done merely because they possessed a knowledge of natural philosophy and psychological science to a degree unknown to our schools?"

⁻ Blavatsky Collected Writings, op. cit., p. 230; & quoting Isis Unveiled, I pp. 535-36. - ED. PHIL.]

³ Z. or T. | *Synes. de Insom.* 140.

⁴ Z. | *Psel.* 6. — *Plet.* 2.

THE CHALDEAN ORACLES OF ZOROASTER MAGICAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL PRECEPTS

- 147 Leave not the dross of matter on a precipice,For there is a portion for the image in a place ever splendid.¹
- 148 Invoke not the self-conspicuous image of nature.²
- 149 Look not upon nature, for her name is fatal.³
- 150 It becomes you not to behold them before your body is initiated, Since by always alluring, they seduce the souls of the [un] initiated.⁴
- 151 Bring her⁵ not forth, lest in departing she retain something.⁶
- 152 Defile not the spirit, nor deepen a superficies.⁷
- 153 Enlarge not thy destiny.⁸
- 154 Not hurling, according to the oracle, a transcendent foot towards piety.⁹
- 155 Never change barbarous names,For there are names in every nation given from God,Having unspeakable efficacy in the mysteries.¹⁰
- 156 Go not out when the lictor passes by.¹¹
- 157 Let fiery hope nourish you in the angelic region.¹²
- 158 The fire-glowing conception has the first rank,For the mortal who approaches the fire shall have light from God,For to the persevering mortal, the blessed immortals are swift.¹³
- 159 The Gods exhort us To understand the preceding form of light.¹⁴
- 160 It becomes you to hasten to the light and the rays of the Father, From whence was sent to you a soul endued with much mind.¹⁵
- 161 Seek paradise.¹⁶

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<sup>1</sup> Z. | Psel. 1, 2. — Plet. 14. — Syn. 140.
<sup>2</sup> Z. | Psel. 15. — Plet. 23.
<sup>3</sup> Z. | Proc. in Plat. Th. 143.
<sup>4</sup> Z. or T. | Proc. in. Alcib.
<sup>5</sup> [The soul. — Thos. Taylor.]
<sup>6</sup> Z. | Psel. 3. — Plet. 15.
<sup>7</sup> Z. | Psel. 19. — Plet. 13.
<sup>8</sup> Z. | Psel. 37. — Plet. 4.
<sup>9</sup> Z. or T. | Dam. in vit. Isidori ap. Suid. — Thos. Taylor.
<sup>10</sup> Z. or T. | Psel. 7. — Niceph.
<sup>11</sup> Z. | Pic. Concl. — Thos. Taylor.
<sup>12</sup> Z. or T. | Olym. in Phæd. — Proc. in Alcib.
<sup>13</sup> Z. or T. | Proc. in Tim. 65.
<sup>14</sup> Z. or T. | Proc. in Crat. — Thos. Taylor.
<sup>15</sup> Z. | Psel. 33. — Plet. 6.
<sup>16</sup> Z. | Psel. 20. — Plet. 12.
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- 162 Learn the Intelligible, for it subsists beyond the mind.¹
- 163 There is a certain Intelligible which it becomes you to understand with the flower of Mind.²
- 164 But the paternal mind receives not her³ willUntil she has gone out of oblivion, and pronounce the word,Assuming the memory of the pure paternal symbol.⁴
- 165 To these he gave the ability of receiving the knowledge of light; Those that were asleep he made fruitful from his own strength.⁵

166⁶ It is not proper to understand that Intelligible with vehemence, But with the extended flame of an extended mind measuring all things Except that Intelligible. But it is requisite to understand this: For if you incline your mind you will understand it Not earnestly, but it becomes you to bring with you a pure and inquiring eye, To extend the void mind of your soul to the Intelligible,⁷ That you may learn the Intelligible, Because it subsists beyond mind.⁸

- 167 You will not understand it, as when understanding some particular thing.⁹
- 168 You, who understand, know the supermundane paternal depth.¹⁰
- 169 Things divine are not attainable by mortals who understand body, But only as many as are lightly armed arrive at the summit.¹¹
- 170 Having put on the complete-armed vigour of resounding light.With triple strength fortifying the soul and the mind,He must put into the mind the symbol of variety, and not walkDispersedly on the empyreal channels, but collectively.
- 171 For being furnished with every kind of armour, and armed, he is similar to the goddess.¹²

- ⁵ Z. or T. | *Syn. de Insom.* 135.
- ⁶ [Patr. joins this with the preceding.]
- [i.e., Σης ψυχης τειναι κενέον νοον εις το νοητον. ED. PHIL.]
- ⁸ T. | Dam.
- ⁹ ibid.

¹⁰ Z. or T. | *Dam*.

- ¹¹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Crat. Thos. Taylor.*
- ¹² T. | *Proc. in Pl. Th.* 324. *Thos. Taylor.*

¹ Z. | *Psel.* 41. — *Plet.* 27.

² *ibid.*, — *Plet.* 28.

³ [The soul. — Thos. Taylor.]

⁴ Z. | *Psel.* 39. — *Plet.* 5.

- 172 Explore the river of the soul, whence, or in what order, Having become a servant to body, you may again rise To the order from which you descended, joining works to sacred reason.¹
- 173 Every way to the unfashioned soul extend the reins of fire.²
- 174 Let the immortal depth of your soul lead you, But earnestly extend your eyes upwards.³
- 175 Man, being an intelligible mortal, must bridle his soul, That she may not incur terrestrial infelicity but be saved.⁴
- 176 If you extend the fiery mind to the work of piety, You will preserve the fluxible body.⁵
- 177 The telestic life, through a divine fire, removes all the stains, together with every foreign and irrational nature, which the spirit of the soul attracted from generation, as we are taught by the oracle to believe.⁶
- 178 The oracles of the Gods declare, that, through purifying ceremonies, not the soul only, but bodies themselves become worthy of receiving much assistance and health: "for (say they) the mortal vestment of bitter matter will, by this means, be preserved." And this, the Gods, in an exhortatory manner, announce to the most holy of Theurgists.⁷
- 179 We should flee, according to the oracle, The multitude of men going in a herd.⁸
- 180 Who knows himself knows all things in himself.⁹
- 181 The oracles often give victory to our own choice, and not to the order alone of the mundane periods. As, for instance, when they say, "On beholding yourself, fear." And, again, "Believe yourself to be above body, and you are." And, still further, when they assert "That our voluntary sorrows germinate in us as the growth of the particular life we lead."¹⁰
- 182 These things I revolve in the recluse temples of my mind.

- ³ Z. | Psel. 11. Plet. 20.
- ⁴ Lyd. de Men. 2. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁵ Z. | Psel. 22. Plet. 16.
- ⁶ Z. or T. | Procl. in Tim. 331. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁷ Z. or T. | Jul. Orat. V. p. 334. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁸ Z. or T. | *Proc. in I. Alc. Thos. Taylor.*
- ⁹ Z. | 1 Pic. p. 211. Thos. Taylor.
- ¹⁰ Z. or T. | *Proc. de Prov. p.* 483. *Thos. Taylor.*

¹ Z. | Psel. 5. — Plet. 1.

² Z. | *Psel.* 11. — *Plet.* 24.

- 183 As the oracle, therefore, says, "God is never so much turned away from man, and never so much sends him new paths, as when he makes ascent to the most divine of speculations, or works, in a confused or disordered manner, and, as it adds, with unhallowed lips, or unwashed feet. For of those who are thus negligent, the progressions are imperfect, the impulses are vain, and the paths are dark."¹
- 184 Not knowing that every god is good, you are fruitlessly vigilant.²
- 185 Theurgists fall not so as to be ranked among the herd that are in subjection to fate.³
- 186 "That the number nine is divine, receiving its completion from three triads, and preserving the summits of theology according to the Chaldaic philosophy, as Porphyry informs us."⁴
- 187 In the left sides of Hecate is a fountain of virtue, Which remains entire within, not sending forth its virginity.⁵
- 188 And the earth bewails them even to their children.⁶
- 189 The furies are the constrainers of men.⁷
- 190 Lest being baptized in the furies of the earth, and in the necessities of nature (as some one of the gods says) it should perish.⁸
- 191 Nature persuades us that there are pure demons, Even the blossoms of evil matter are useful and good.⁹
- 192 As yet three days ye shall sacrifice, and no longer.¹⁰
- 193 In the first place, the priest, who governs the works of fire, Must sprinkle with the cold water of the loud-sounding sea.¹¹
- 194 Energize about the Hecatic Strophalus.¹²

- ¹ Z. or T. | *Procl. in Parm. Thos. Taylor.*
- ² Z. or T. | *Proc. in Pl. Pol.* 355. *Thos. Taylor.*
- ³ Lyd. de Men. Thos. Taylor.
- ⁴ *Lyd. p.* 121. *Thos. Taylor.*
- ⁵ Z. | *Psel.* 13. *Plet.* 9.
- ⁶ Z. | *Psel.* 21. *Plet.* 3.
- ⁷ Z. | Psel. 25. Plet. 19.
- ⁸ Z. or T. | *Proc in Theol.* 297. *Thos. Taylor.*
- ⁹ Z. | *Psel.* 16. *Plet.* 18.
- ¹⁰ Z. | Pic. Concl. Thos. Taylor.
- ¹¹ Z. or T. | *Proc. in Crat. Thos. Taylor.*
- ¹² Z. | Psel. 9. Nicep.

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- 195 When you shall see a terrestrial demon approaching Exclaim, and sacrifice the stone Mnizurin.¹
- 196 If you often invoke me you shall see all things darkening,For neither does the convex bulk of heaven then appear,Nor do the stars shine, the light of the moon is hidden,The earth stands not still, but all things appear in thunders.²
- 197 . . . From the cavitiesOf the earth leap forth terrestrial dogs,Shewing no true sign to mortal man.³

198 A similar fire flashingly extending itself into the waves of the air, Or even unfigured fire, whence an antecedent voice, Or light rich, glittering, resounding, revolved. But when you see a horse glittering with light, Or a boy, carried on the swift back of a horse, Fiery, or clothed in gold, or naked, Or shooting with a bow, or standing upon horseback —

199 When you behold a sacred fire without formShining flashingly through the depths of the whole worldHear the voice of fire.⁴





¹ Z. | *Psel.* 40. [Cf. "Magi and theurgic philosophers objected most severely to the 'evocation of souls.' 'Bring her [the soul] not forth, lest in departing she retain something,' says Psellus." [See Fragment 151 above.]

"It becomes you not to behold them *before your body is initiated*,

Since, by always alluring, they seduce the souls of the [un]initiated,

- says another philosopher [Proclus, On the First Alcibiades; see Fragment 150 above.]

They objected to it for several good reasons.

1. It is extremely difficult to distinguish a good dæmon from a bad one,' says Iamblichus.

2. If a human soul succeeds in penetrating the density of the earth's atmosphere — always oppressive to her, often hateful — still she cannot avoid incurring a danger which accrues from this proximity to the material world; 'departing, she *retains* something,' that is to say, contaminating her purity, for which she has to suffer more or less after her departure. Therefore, the true theurgist will avoid causing any more suffering to this pure denizen of the higher sphere than is absolutely required by the interests of humanity. It is only the practitioner of black magic who compels the presence, by the powerful incantations of necromancy, of the tainted souls of such as have lived bad lives, and are ready to aid his selfish designs. Of intercourse with the *Augoeides*, through the mediumistic powers of *subjective* mediums, we elsewhere speak. The theurgists employed chemicals and mineral substances to chase away evil spirits. Of the latter, a stone called *Mviζovpw* one of the most powerful agents." — *Isis Unveiled*, I p. 312. — ED. PHIL.]

² Z. | Psel. 10. — Plet. 22.

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³ Z. | Psel. 23. — Plet. 17.

⁴ Z. | Psel. 14. — Plet. 25.

Comparison of two translations of a logion of by Psellus (4) on "Magical and Philosophical Precepts," from I.P. Cory's *Ancient Fragments*, etc. 1st ed. of 1828 (*p*. 119), and of the 2nd ed. of 1832 (*p*. 269). — ED. PHIL.

First edition, of 1828	Second edition, of 1832
Subject not thy mind to the vast measures of the earth,	Direct not thy mind to the vast measures of the earth;
For the plant of truth is not upon the earth.	For the plant of truth is not upon ground.
Nor measure the measures of the sun, gathering together canons,	Nor measure the measures of the sun, collecting rules,
He is moved by the eternal will of the Father, ¹ not for thy sake.	For he is carried by the eternal will of the father, not for your sake.
Let alone the swift course of the moon and the progression of the stars, for she runs ever by the impulse of necessity. ²	Dismiss the impetuous course of the moon; for she runs always by the work of necessity.
And the progression of the stars was not brought forth for thy sake.	The progression of the stars was not generated for your sake. ³
The ethereal wide flight of birds is not veracious,	The wide aerial flight of birds is not true,
And the dissection of entrails and victims; all these are toys,	Nor the dissections of the entrails of victims: they are all mere toys,
The supports of gainful cheats; fly thou these	The basis of mercenary fraud: flee from these
If thou intendest to open the sacred paradise of piety;	If you would open the sacred paradise of piety
Where virtue, wisdom, and equity, are assembled.	Where virtue, wisdom, and equity, are assembled. ⁴

¹ [First Logos]

- Blavatsky Collected Writings, (THE DENIALS AND MISTAKES OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY) XIII, p. 229.

* The earlier "'Chaldees'... were the 'wise men' of a *caste*, not of a nation, a community of great adepts [who came] from their 'Serpent-holes,' and who had settled in Babylonia ages before [the Hebrews]."

— Secret Doctrine, II p. 748]

⁴ [Cf. "There is a vast difference between the *true* worship taught to those who showed themselves worthy, and the state religions. The Magians are accused of all kinds of superstition, but the *Chaldean Oracle* proceeds: 'The wide aerial flight of birds is not true, . . . ' etc. Surely it is not those who warn people against 'mercenary fraud' who can be accused of it; as said elsewhere:

'If they accomplished acts which seem miraculous, who can with fairness presume to deny that it was done merely because they possessed a knowledge of natural philosophy and psychological science to a degree unknown to our schools?'"

- Blavatsky Collected Writings, ibid., p. 230; & quoting Isis Unveiled, I pp. 535-36.]

² [Karman]

³ [Cf. "... even the later Chaldees,* who had gradually fallen into dualism, reducing all things to two primal principles, had no more worshipped Satan or idols than have the Zoroastrians, who are now accused of the same, but that their religion was as highly philosophical as any; their dual and exoteric Theosophy became the heirloom of the Jews, who, in their turn, were forced to share it with the Christians. Parsīs are charged to this day with heliolatry, and yet in the *Chaldean Oracles*, under the 'Magical and Philosophical Precepts' of Zoroaster, the following is found: 'Direct not thy mind to the vast measures of the earth, ... '" etc.

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- OCCULT TRUTH IS NATURE WITHOUT THE ILLUSORY VEIL OF THE SENSES
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